

[HISTORY: Adopted by the Board of Trustees on June 10, 2003 as Local Law 3-2003]

§ 7-1. Authority.

The Village Clerk, as custodian and in charge of the records and files of the Village, be and hereby is authorized upon receipt in advance of a fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00) to search such records and files and issue certificates attesting to the payment or lack of payment of Village taxes.

§ 7-2. Liability.

While the Village Clerk shall use due diligence in such search and preparation of such certificate, neither the Village Clerk nor the Village of Port Dickinson shall be responsible for any errors or omissions.

Chapter 8

TAX SEARCH CERTIFICATES

[HISTORY: Adopted by the Board of Trustees on February 10, 2004 as Local Law 1-2004]

§ 8-1. Authority.

This local law is enacted pursuant to the authority of section 10 of the Municipal Home Rule Law authorizing villages to adopt a local law which may amend or supercede any provision of State Law in relation to the property, affairs or government of the town unless there is a State legislative restriction on such amendment or supercession.

§ 8-2. Newsletter Distribution.

Section I826 of the Tax Law of the State of New York is hereby amended in its application to the Village of Port Dickinson, Broome County, New York, to read as follows:

Section I826. Use tax or other notices to distribute advertising and propaganda material

a and b: Remain the same

c: Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, it shall be lawful for the Board of Trustees of the Village of Port Dickinson, Broome County, New York, to designate a particular written notice relating to worthwhile items or information regarding the affairs of said Village (other than advertisements or propaganda) to be included with said tax bill or water bill, sewer rent bill or notification of a tax to be assessed or levied.

Chapter 9

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION

**Rules and Regulations Pertaining to the Public Inspection, Copying,
Availability, Location and Nature of Such
Village of Port Dickinson Records As Are Subject to Public Inspection
by Law**

§ 9-1. Promulgation

§ 9-2. Definitions

§ 9-3. Purpose and Scope

§ 9-4. Designation of Records Access Officer

§ 9-5. Location

§ 9-6. Hours for Public Inspection

§ 9-7. Requests for Public Access to Records

§ 9-8. Subject Matter List

§ 9-9. Denial of Access to Records

§ 9-10. Fees

§ 9-11. Public Notice

§ 9-12. Severability

[HISTORY: Resolution adopted by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Port Dickinson 3-14-06]

§ 9-1. Promulgation

Pursuant to, and in accordance with, the provisions of Section 89 of the Public Officers Law and the Regulations of the New York State Committee on Open Government (promulgated on January 10, 1978) as amended, the Board of Trustees of the Village of Port Dickinson hereby makes, establishes and adopts the following rules and regulations pertaining to the public inspection, copying, availability, location and nature of such Village of Port Dickinson records as are subject to public inspection by law:

§ 9-2. Definitions

Definitions. As used in this Resolution, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (a) “Village” means the Village of Port Dickinson, a municipal corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York and with offices and principal place of business at 786 Chenango Street, Port Dickinson (mailing address Binghamton, NY 13901)
- (b) “ Board of Trustees ” means the Board of Trustees of the Village of Port Dickinson

- (c) “Mayor” means the Mayor of the Village of Port Dickinson
- (d) “Village Clerk” means the Village Clerk of the Village of Port Dickinson
- (e) “Regulations” means the Regulations promulgated by the Committee on Open Government on January 10, 1978 pursuant to the New York Freedom of Information Law as amended.

§ 9-3. Purpose and Scope

- (a) The people’s right to know the process of government decision-making and the documents and statistics leading to determination is basic to our society. Access to such information should not be thwarted by shrouding it with the cloak of secrecy or confidentiality.
- (b) These regulations provide information concerning the procedures by which records may be obtained from the Village
- (c) Village personnel shall furnish to the public the information and records required by the Freedom of Information Law, as well as records otherwise available by law.
- (d) Any conflicts among laws governing public access to records shall be construed favor of the widest possible availability of public records.

§ 9-4. Designation of Records Access Officer

- (a) The Village Board of Trustees and the Mayor shall be responsible for insuring compliance with the regulations herein, and hereby designate the following persons as records access officers, who shall have the duty of coordinating Village response to public requests for access to records:

Village Clerk of the Village of Port Dickinson
786 Chenango Street
Port Dickinson (mailing address Binghamton, NY 13901)

- (b) Records access officers are responsible for insuring appropriate Village response to public requests for access to records. However, this designation shall not be construed to prohibit officials who have in the past been authorized to make records or information available to the public from continuing to do so.
- (c) Records access officers are responsible for assuring that Village personnel:
 - 1. Maintain a reasonably detailed current subject matter list.
 - 2. Assist the requester in identifying requested records, if necessary, and when appropriate, indicate the manner in which the records are filed, retrieved or generated to assist persons in reasonably describing records.
 - 3. Contact persons seeking records when a request is voluminous or when locating the records involves substantial effort, so that personnel may ascertain the nature of records of primary interest and attempt to reasonably reduce the volume of records requested.
 - 4. Upon locating the records, take one of the following actions:
 - (i) Make records available for inspection; or

- (ii) Deny access to the records in whole or in part and explain in writing the reasons therefor.
- 5. Upon request for copies of records:
 - (i) Make a copy available upon payment or offer to pay established fees, if any, in accordance with Section 10 or
 - (ii) Permit the requester to copy these records.
- 6. Upon request, certify that a record is a true copy, and
- 7. Upon failure to locate records, certify that:
 - (i) The Village is not the legal custodian for such records, or
 - (ii) The records of which the Village is a custodian cannot be found after diligent search.

§ 9-5. Location

Records shall be available for public inspection and copying at:

Village Hall
786 Chenango Street,
Village of Port Dickinson

or at the location where they are kept.

§ 9-6. Hours for Public Inspection

Requests for public access to records shall be accepted and records produced during all hours the Village Hall is regularly open for business. These hours are: on regular business days, Monday through and including Friday, between the hours of 9:00 AM and 4:00 PM.

§ 9-7. Requests for Public Access to Records

- (a) The Village may require that a request be made in writing. Oral requests may be accepted when records are readily available.
- (b) If records are maintained on the Internet, the requester shall be informed that the records are accessible via the Internet and in printed form either on paper or other information storage medium.
- (c) The Village shall respond to any request reasonably describing the record or records sought within five business days of receipt of the request by:
 - (1) informing a person requesting records that the request or portion of the request does not reasonably describe the records sought, including direction, to the extent possible, that would enable that person to request records reasonably described;
 - (2) granting or denying access to records in whole or in part;
 - (3) acknowledging the receipt of a request in writing, including an appropriate date when the request will be granted or denied in whole or in part, which shall be reasonable under the

circumstances of the request and shall not be more than twenty business days after the date of the acknowledgment, or if it is known that circumstances prevent disclosure, within twenty business days from the date of such acknowledgment, providing a statement in writing indicating the reason for inability to grant the request within that time and a date certain, within a reasonable period under the circumstances of the request, when the request will be granted in whole or in part; or

- (4) if the receipt of request was acknowledged in writing and included an approximate date when the request would be granted in whole or in part within twenty business days of such acknowledgment, but circumstances prevent disclosure within that time, providing a statement in writing within twenty business days of such acknowledgment specifying the reason for the inability to do so and a date certain, within a reasonable period under the circumstances of the request, when the request will be granted in whole or in part.
- (d) In determining a reasonable time for granting or denying a request under the circumstances of a request, personnel shall consider the volume of a request, the ease or difficulty in locating, retrieving or generating records, the complexity of the request, the need to review records to determine the extent to which they must be disclosed, the number of requests received by the agency, and similar factors that bear on the ability to grant access to records promptly and within a reasonable time.
- (e) A failure to comply with the time limitations described herein shall constitute a denial of a request that may be appealed. Such failure shall include situations in which an officer or employee:
- (1) Fails to grant access to the records sought, deny access in writing or acknowledge the receipt of a request within five business days of the receipt of a request;
 - (2) Acknowledges the receipt of a request within five business days but fails to furnish an approximate date when the request will be granted or denied in whole or in part;
 - (3) Furnishes an acknowledgment of the receipt of a request within five business days with an approximate date for granting or denying access in whole or in part that is unreasonable under the circumstances of the request;
 - (4) Fails to respond to a request within a reasonable time after the approximate date given or within twenty business days after the date of the acknowledgment of the receipt of a request;
 - (5) Determines to grant a request in whole or in part within twenty business days of the acknowledgment of the receipt of a request, but fails to do so, unless the agency provides the reason for its inability to do so in writing and a date certain within which the request will be granted in whole or in part;
 - (6) Does not grant a request in whole or in part within twenty business days of the acknowledgment of the receipt of a request and fails to provide the reason in writing explaining the inability to do so and a date certain by which the request will be granted in whole or in part; or
 - (7) Responds to a request, stating that more than twenty business days is needed to grant or deny the request in whole or in part and provides a date certain within which that will be accomplished, but such date is unreasonable under the circumstances of the request.

§ 9-8. Subject Matter List

- (a) The records access officer shall maintain a reasonable detailed current list by subject matter of all records in its possession, whether or not records are available pursuant to subdivision two of section eighty-seven of the Public Officers Law.
- (b) The subject matter list shall be sufficiently detailed to permit identification of the category of the record sought.
- (c) The subject matter list shall be updated annually. The most recent update shall appear on the first page of the subject matter list.

§ 9-9. Denial of Access to Records

- (a) Denial of access shall be in writing stating the reason therefor and advising the person denied access of his or her right to appeal to the person or body established to hear appeals, and that person or body shall be identified by name, title, business address and business telephone number. The records access officer shall not be the appeals officer.
- (b) The Village Board of Trustees shall hear appeals or shall designate a person or body to hear appeals regarding denial of access to records under the Freedom of Information Law.
- (c) If the Village fails to respond to a request as required in section 7 of these Regulations, such failure shall be deemed a denial of access by the Village.
- (d) Any person denied access to records may appeal within thirty days of a denial.
- (e) The time for deciding an appeal by the individual or body designated to hear appeals shall commence upon receipt of written appeal identifying:
 - (1) The date and location of a request for records;
 - (2) The records that were denied; and
 - (3) The name and return address of the appellant.
- (f) A failure to determine an appeal within ten business days of its receipt by granting access to the records sought or fully explaining the reasons for further denial in writing shall constitute a denial of the appeal.
- (g) The Village shall transmit to the Committee on Open Government copies of all appeals upon receipt of an appeal. Such copies shall be addressed to:

Committee on Open Government
Department of State
41 State Street
Albany, New York 12231
- (h) The person or body designated to hear appeals shall inform the appellant and the Committee on Open Government of its determination in writing within ten business days of receipt of an appeal. The determination shall be transmitted to the Committee on Open Government in the same manner as set forth in subdivision (g) of this section.

- (i) A final denial of access to a requested record, as provided for in subdivision (h) of this section, shall be subject to court review, as provided for in subdivision (g) of this section, shall be subject to court review, as provided for in Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules.

§ 9-10. Fees.

Except when a different fee is otherwise prescribed by law:

- (a) There shall be no fee charged for the following:
 - (1) Inspection of records;
 - (2) Search for records; or
 - (3) Any certification pursuant to the Regulations or pursuant to the Resolution.
- (b) Copies may be provided without charging a fee.
- (c) Fees for copies may be charged, provided that:
 - (1) The fee for copying records shall not exceed 25 cents per page for photocopies not exceeding 9 by 14 inches. This section shall not be construed to mandate the raising of fees where agencies or municipalities in the past have charged less than 25 cents for such copies;
 - (2) The fee for copies of records not covered by paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subdivision, shall not exceed the actual reproduction cost which is the average unit cost for copying a record, excluding fixed costs of the agency such as operator salaries.

§ 9-11. Public Notice

The Village shall publicize by posting in a conspicuous location and/or by publication in a local newspaper of general circulation:

- (a) The location where records shall be made available for inspection and copying.
- (b) The name, title, business address and business telephone number of the designated records access officer.
- (c) The right to appeal by any person denied access to a record and the name and business address of the person or body to whom an appeal is to be directed.

§ 9-12. Severability

If any provision of this Resolution or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is adjudged invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, such judgment shall not affect or impair the validity of the other provisions of this Resolution or the application thereof to other persons and circumstances.

Chapter 10

CYBER SECURITY CITIZENS' NOTIFICATION POLICY